THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

013

GEOGRAPHY

(For School Candidates Only)

Time: 3 Hours Tuesday, 8th October 2009 p.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B, C and D.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A, B and C and one (1) question from each part of section D.
- 3. Map extract of Galula is provided.
- 4. Credit will be given for the use of relevant sketch maps and diagrams.
- 5. Electronic calculators and cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)

SECTION A (25 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

PHYSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL GEOGRAPHY

- 1. For each of the items (i) (x), choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives and write its letter beside the item number.
 - (i) The solar system is made up of
 - A sun, planets and interplanetary gases
 - B atmosphere and hydrosphere
 - C planets, clouds and gases
 - D clouds, wind and gases
 - E sunlight, gases, wind and clouds.
 - (ii) If the time recorded at time X, 45°E was 9.00 a.m. what could be the longitude of Y at 3.00 a.m.
 - A 90°W
 - B 45°W
 - C 15°E
 - D 90°E
 - E 75°W
 - (iii) Lunar eclipse occurs because
 - A the moon comes between the earth and the sun
 - B the earth comes between the moon and the sun
 - C the earth rotates from west to east
 - D the sun comes between the moon and the earth
 - E the moon, the earth and the sun are in rotation.
 - (iv) About 98% of the matter making the sun is
 - A light and heat
 - B heavier elements
 - C tars and other heavenly bodies
 - D lighter elements of hydrogen and helium
 - E gases, heat and sun ray.
 - (v) Absence of drainage on the surface in the limestone region is the direct result of
 - A very low rains in the area
 - B presence of swallow holes
 - C the big rivers which swallow small rivers
 - D presence of deep gorges
 - E presence of sound and big pores.

- (vi) The following are marine depositional features:
 A Beach, lagoons and sand spits
 B Beach, fringing reef and stump
 C Beach, stump and atoll
 D Tombolo, delta and headland
- (vii) Why do two different countries located in different latitudes or hemispheres experience similar type of natural vegetation? It is because of
 - A their positions which are very far

Headland, geo and stacks.

- B similar traditions of the people living in those areas
- C the same type of climate
- D same onshore prevailing winds
- E fertile soils, good could cover and rains.
- (viii) shows the soil's grain size.
 - A Soil texture

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- B Soil structure
- C Soil morphology
- D Particle density
- E Soil profile
- (ix) Temperate cyclones are characterised as follows:
 - A They are instruments with cycles for measuring temperature
 - B Have long hours of high temperature
 - C They are temperate winds which have a high speed
 - D They are low pressure centres which develop in temperate Latitudes
 - E They are strong temperate rains in the United States of America, Africa and the Congo basin.
- (x) A vertical cross-section of the soil showing its horizons is called
 - A soil erosion
 - B soil porosity
 - C soil profile
 - D soil PH
 - E soil catena

2. Match the items in **List A** with the responses in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response besides the item number.

List A	List B				
(i) Intervisibility	A It determines the distance of a				
(ii) A Basin	cross-section				
(iii) Glaciers	B Weather station				
(iv) Denudation	C A catchment area of the river				
(v) Stevenson's screen	D Ox-bow lake				
(v) Stevenson s sereen	E One of the sources of a river				
	F A screen showing precipitation				
	G Batholiths				
	H Weathering and erosion				
	I Movement of the earth				
	J The ability to see between two given points				

3. With the aid of diagrams, explain the types of moraines.

SECTION B (27 Marks)

Answer **all** questions this section.

APPLICATION OF STATISTICS, INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH AND ELEMENTARY SURVEYING

4. Read carefully the climatic data for station A presented in the Table and answer the questions that follow:

Month	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
Temp. in °C	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6	27.2	27.7	28.3	28.3	27.7	27.7
Rainfall mm	233	228	244	215	118	91	36	36	51	104	140	196

- (i) Describe the climatic conditions of station A.
- (ii) Name any two countries in the Great Lakes of East Africa which experience this type of climatic conditions.
- (iii) Present the data graphically.

- 5. (a) What is research design?
 - (b) Briefly explain any four (4) types of research-design.
- 6. (a) Mary is a good cartographer, she intends to produce a contoured map of Dar es Salaam. What type of survey method would you advise her to apply?
 - (b) Apart from producing contour maps, what is the other significance of the type of survey you have mentioned in (a) above?

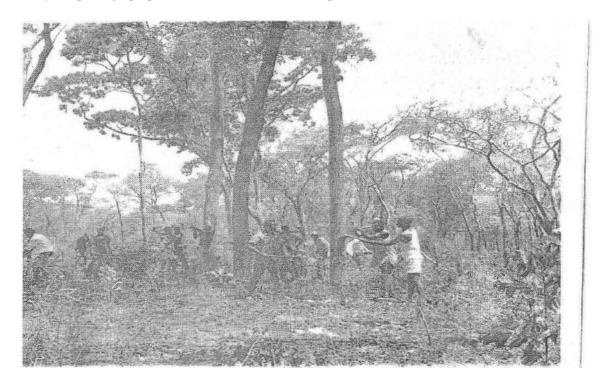
SECTION C (28 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

MAP READING AND PHOTOGRAPH INTERPRETATION

- 7. Carefully study the map extract of Galula provided then answer the following questions.
 - (a) Calculate the area of the forest in Km² north of northings 450.
 - (b) Calculate the length of River Ipwizi in Kilometres from grid reference 150508 to grid reference 125435.
 - (c) Find the bearing of Tete Village (grid reference 127506) from Ifwekenye village (grid reference 160460).
 - (d) Describe the main physical features found in the area.
 - (e) With evidence, show the main economic activities.

8. Study the photograph provided and then answer the questions that follow.



- (i) What type of a photograph is this? Give reasons for your answer
- (ii) With evidence, suggest the type of climate of the place where this photograph was taken.
- (iii) What kind of activity is taking place in the area?
- (iv) What will happen if the activity in (iii) above takes place in your local environment?

SECTION D (20 Marks)

Answer **one** (1) question from each part.

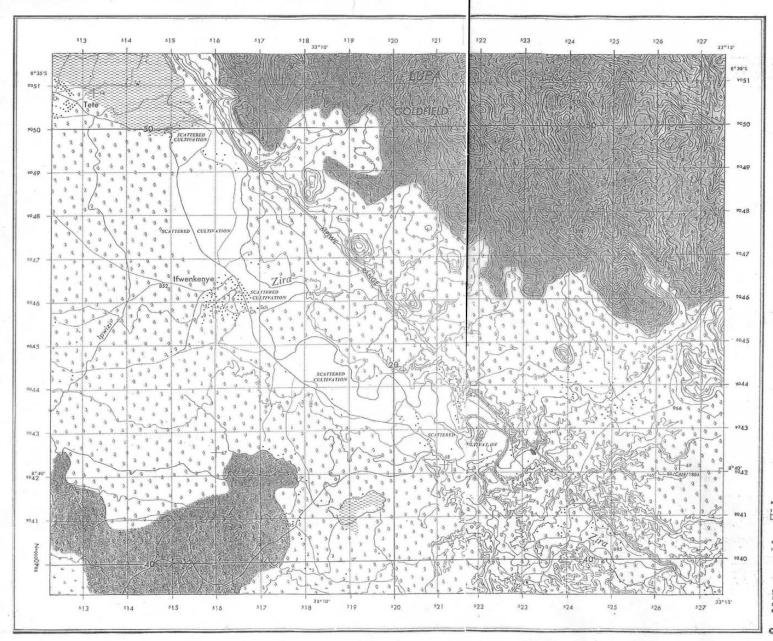
PART 1: REGIONAL FOCAL STUDIES

- 9. (a) What were the aims of constructing the Aswan High dam?
 - (b) If the dam were constructed at Kondoa, how would the people of central Tanzania benefit from it?
- 10. "Agriculture achievements in China have been brought about by good Government policy only." Discuss.

PART II: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, POPULATION AND SETTLEMENT

11.	With vivid	examples,	explain th	ne causes of	population	n change in t	he Great l	akes of	East Africa.

12.	Some lakes and	rivers in tanza	nia are likel	y to lose tl	heir aquatic	resources.	Suggest any	five (5)
	ways on how to	overcome this	threat.					



TANZANIA GALULA



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